The Rutherford Star.

BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT AND THEN GO AHEAD."—DAVY CROCKETT.

VOL. IV. RUTHERFORDTON. N. C. SATURDAY. MARCH 5, 1870. NO. 6.

Professional Cards

J. B. CARPENTER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

Collections promptly attended to. 3-1y.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
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Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care.
Particular attention given to collections in both Superior and Justices' Courts.

J. L. CARSON,
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CHURCHILL & WHITESIDE
ATTORNEYS and COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
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Will practice in all the Courts of Western North Carolina, in the Supreme Courts of the State and in the District, Circuit and Suprem Courts of the United States. feb 6t

Dr. J. W. HARRIS,

WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION to all Professional calls, and hopes to merit a continuance of his long established practice.

Has constantly on hand a fine supply of PURE DRUGS at his office in Rutherfordton. je 2-tf 18

DR. J. M. CRATON,
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OFFERS his professional services to his old friends, and the public generally. Office at his Drug Store. dec.19tf

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CONTINUES the practice of Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery, in Rutherford and the surrounding counties. Charges moderate. mch.18tf.

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Will attend to all business entrusted to his use in the IXth Judicial district. Collections made in all parts of the State. 45-1y

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Fine Watches, Clocks and Jewelry of every description repaired and warranted for twelve months.
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aug.5-tf.

CHARLOTTE HOTEL,
W. M. MATTHEWS & SON,
PROPRIETORS,
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TAKE this method of returning their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally for the very liberal manner in which their House has been patronized under the charge of Matthews & Stegall, and they pledge themselves that no pains shall be spared to make their patrons comfortable.
Their table shall be furnished with the very best the market affords.
Attentive and polite servants will always be on hand and every effort will be made to give entire satisfaction.
Their stables are large and commodious, sufficient to accommodate all who may come to see us. Horses and Vehicles always on hand to supply the wants of customers.

TO MERCHANTS.

ELIAS & COHEN,

The Oldest Merchants of Charlotte, are offering their large and well assorted Stock of
Dry Goods, Ready Made Clothing,
Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps,
Notions and Fancy Goods
Suited to the Wholesale Trade, at Unprecedented Low Prices.
Buyers would do well to examine their goods and prices before Purchasing.
Store Opposite Charlotte Hotel.
45 3m. ELIAS & COHEN.

DRUG TRADE!
KILGORE & CURETON,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRUGGISTS,
CORNER TRADE AND TRYON STREETS.

Invite attention to their large and well selected stock of
Drugs,
Medicines,
Paints, Oils,
Varnishes, Dye Stuffs,
Window, Glass, Brushes, Combs,
Fancy and Toilet Articles,
Perfumery. Soaps,
Kerosene Oil,
Lamps,
and everything kept by a first class DRUG HOUSE.

Merchants Physicans and others are invited to examine our stock and prices.
T. K. CURETON,
RESIDENT PARTNER,
45-1y CHARLOTTE, N. C.

RUTHERFORTON MALE ACADEMY.

The Spring session of the Rutherfordton Male Academy will commence Jan. 24th, 1870.
Rates of Tuition per session of twenty weeks (as agreed upon by the Trustees.)
$6, $10 and $15.00 according to grade of udies.
W. L. TWITTY, Prin.
Jan. 1870. 1-1m.

W. M. WILSON, W. J. BLACK.
WILSON & BLACK,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS In Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Chemicals, Window Glass, Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, &c.
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CHARLOTTE, N. C.
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1000 SACKS
LIVERPOOL SALT delivered any Depot, $2.30 to the Trade.
STENHOUSE, MACAULEY & Co.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE
Paid for country produce by
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GROVER & BAKER'S
FIRST PREMIUM
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FAMILY SEWING
MACHINES,
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POINTS OF EXCELLENCE.—Beauty and Elasticity of Stich. Perfection and simplicity of Machinery. Using both threads direct from the spools. No fastening of seams by hand and no waste of thread. Wide range of application without change of adjustment. The seam retains its beauty and firmness after washing and ironing. Besides doing all kinds of work done by other Sewing Machines, these Machines execute the most beautiful and permanent Embroidery and ornamental work.
36-1y.

Fresh Garden, Flower, Fruit, Herb, Tree, Shrub and Evergreen Seeds, with directions far culture, prepaid by mail. The most Complete and Judicious assortment in the country.—Agents wanted.
25 Sorts of either for $1,00; prepaid by mail. Also Small Fruits, Plants, Bulbs, all the new Potatoes, &c., prepaid by mail. 4 lbs. Early Rose Potato, prepaid, for $1.00. Conover's Colossal Asparagus, $3 per 100; $25 per 100, prepaid. New hardy fragrant everblooming Japan Honeysuckle, 50 cts. each, prepaid. True Cape Cod Cranberry, for upland or lowland culture, $1,00 per 100, prepaid, with directions. Priced Catalouge to any address, gratis; also trade list Seeds on commission.
B. M. WATSON. Old Colony Nurseries and Seed Warehouse, Plymouth, Mass. Established in 1842.

TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.

Thanking our numerous friends who in the past so lavishly bestowed their favors upon us, and thereby placing us among the
First of the Merchants of Charlotte.
a title which we recognize with proud satisfaction, which we will endeavor to maintain by
Fair Dealing
and
Extraordinary Inducements
this coming season, to present the first and largest stock of goods ever brought to this State by any house, which we respectfully invite our numerous customers and all others who come to this market to purchase.
Very Respectfully,
WITTKOWSKY & RINTELS.

Mr. A. R. MAYER
is now with the above famous and well known house where he will be pleased to see his friends

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY
AND
Dress-Making,
BY
Miss BETSY WILLIAMS.
Over WITTKOWSKY & RINTEL'S Store.
45-tf Charlotte, N. C.

Written for the Star.

Lines

Written on seeing an old Act. of a Physician.

BY PERRY.

This account above was paid
For Doctor's service—more too;
And dollars yet remain unpaid,
While months ago have they been due.

Away with calomel and drugs,
No use for No. Six—or pills;
Don't want your burning blister bugs—
Don't want your great enormous bills.

Can do without your useless aid—
Dispense with all your honeyed talk;
For well I know when you are paid,
The whole machine is bound to stop.

You say your medicine is pure;
But when you tell it—then you lie:
If nature could your patient cure,
Your poison "stuff" would make him die.

Then, Fare thee well, my Doctor, dear,
For reasons plain as you may see,
I would not call or have you here,
However bad the sickness be.

'Tis bad I know, but yet 'tis worse
To be in pain—in sore dismay,—
To have a doctor feel your *purse*,
And steal your precious life away!

ISABELLE'S TRIUPMH.

BY LIZZIE TABER.

"Jesse, I wish you would be a little more womanly—your childish actions annoy me exceedingly.

These words were spoken by Herbert Livingstone, a handsome, haughty man, and addressed to a graceful little creature with golden curls and sky-blue eyes, his affianced wife.

Her offense was running gayly down the path to meet him as he returned from a two days' absence and throwing her arms around his neck with a glad cry of joy at seeing him again.

He would not have cared so much had not Jessie's cousin, queenly Isabelle Leslie, sat by the open window, apparently reading; but he knew that she was watching them, and that her proud lip curled with scorn at Jessie's exhibition of fondness.

"Forgive me dear Herbert," and the sweet lips quivered and her blue eyes filled with tears.—"I did not mean to offend you; but I have been very lonely since you went away, and was so glad to have you back again."

"Never mind, little one," he said, in a kinder tone. "I will not speak so harshly again; "but I dreaded Isabelle's ridicule."

By this time they had entered the house, and Miss Isabelle Leslie arose and welcomed Herbert with an elegance of manner peculiarly her own, and which caused his heart to throb a trifle faster, and made him wish, as he had often done before, that Jessie was more like her regal cousin.

As she resumed her seat, she remarked with a sarcastic smile upon her lips and a tinge of scorn in her voice—

"I am glad for Jessie's sake that you have returned, for she has pined for you terribly, poor child."

A little flush of anger shot from Jessie's blue eyes, and Herbert crimsoned with annoyance.

Isabelle then entirely ignored their presence by resuming her reading.

Jesse soon forgot herself, and talked and laughed as merrily as only the innocent can, now and then addressing Herbert as "dear," not noticing his frowns or Isabelle's contemptuous smile, but giving herself up entirely to the enjoyment of his presence.

At last Isabelle rose abruptly and left the room. This brought Jessie back to every-day life, for her cousin's manner indicated her displeasure.

Herbert bit his lips in silence, and leaving Jessie's side, he walked moodily to the widow and stood looking out, while the clouds grew thicker and darker upon his brow.

Jessie's first impulse was to go to him, and again ask his forgiveness and try to please him in the future. Poor little Jessie! She was of a gentle affectionate nature, and thought it no harm to show her love for her betrothed husband. She was just the woman to make a faithful, loving wife, to be a comfort and joy to the man she loved through all the troubles and disappointments of life. But she was not without pride, and now she said to herself:

"I will say nothing to him. He is ashamed of me and admires cousin Belle because she is so lady like and dignified. I am always offending them both though I try hard not to do so. Belle is more capable of making him happy than I am; and choking back a great sob, she caught up a little blue scarf, and throwing it over her golden curls, ran out among the flowers, looking more like an angel than an earthly being, trying the while to sing a gay tune, but failing most miserably.

Just as she was about to give up and have a good cry, a cheerful voice spoke her name, and, looking up, she found Ernest Linwood the young village pastor standing by her side.

"What Jessie! tears in your eyes!" he said in a kind, almost tender voice. "What troubles my little singing bird? Herbert has returned safe, has he not?"

"Oh, yes; but he dosen't love me as he used to. I am always saying or doing something childish, and it displeases them."

"Them! Who Jessie?"

"Why, Herbert and Belle.—You know, Belle is very quiet and lady like, and I am not, and it angers him. Perhaps I ought not to say it."

Ernest said with compressed lips, as he looked upon Jessie's sad, tearful face; "but Belle is a proud, heartless woman; and you Jessie, are an angel, Herbert Livingstone will some day see his mistake." Adding, mentally, "I foresaw this; I knew that Miss Eaton would please his artiste eye. Would that she had never come here, for she has destroyed Jessie's peace forever. Had I but been blessed with the dear love which he is learning to despise—but that was not to be;" and then he said cheerfully, "Brush away your tears, Jessie, and take a stroll with me in the garden, and when you become yourself again, we will go into the house, and you must try and please Herbert, for he loves you, although he is sometimes a little unkind."

"Ernest," and her voice was firm now, and her eyes tearless, "he has been drifting away from me ever since Isabelle came. I have tried not to believe it, but I can deceive myself no longer.."

"You must not think so. He admires her elegant appearance, but his love, Jessie, must surely be yours."

Ernest Linwood was a noble man, and an accomplished scholar. He was much older than Jessie, and she had always looked up to him, and given him her confidence as though he were an elder brother. She did not know how much he loved her, and honor forbade his telling her, now that she was betrothed to another. It demanded all the moral strength of his nature now, however, to resist the yearning desire to clasp her to his heart, and ask her to give him the love he so much coveted.

Half an hour later they sat together within a rustic arbor, talking quietly.

Ernest's kind words and wise counsels had rendered her hopeful, and she had just started up to go in search of Herbert, when they both saw him and Isabelle walking slowly down the path toward them.

Jessie thought she would wait until he was alone to speak with him, and so went back and sat down again with Ernest.

They were hid from view intervening vines, and, as the two passed the arbor, the occupants could not help hearing their conversation.

"She is scarcely more than a child yet," Isabelle was saying.—"A few years will give her more womanliness, I trust; though I sometimes fear she will always be childish, and unworthy such love as yours."

"Ah, Isabelle, would that she were more like you!" Herbert answered. "Then, indeed, I should be proud to call her wife. Isabelle, I love you. It is a sin, perhaps; but I cannot help it."

Then the musical voice of the beautiful temptress murdered:

"Ah, blissful knowledge! But alas! we met too late!"

"Do you love me Isabelle? If so it is not too late."

"I love you, Herbert; but I will go away, and see you no more."

"Go, if you choose my queenly one! But I shall follow you. I will not sacrifice your peerless love for Jessie's childish affection."

The boy, having seated himself in the minister's chair, and put on a grave and reverend aspect, called out, "Come in."

Entering very quietly and deferentially, though with difficulty preserving his gravity, holding his hat in one hand and the basket in the other, the minister approached his small proxy, and said, with a low bow, "Mr. Brown sends his compliments, and begs that you will accept this quarter of veal, Mr. Gay."

"I am very much obliged to Mr. Brown, and to you too, my fine boy," said Johnny, with an air of the utmost seriousness; "but it seems to me that its a big load for so small a lad to carry. Just take it into the kitchen and ask Mrs. Gay to give you a quarter of a dollar."

Nobody ever enjoyed this story more than Mr. Gay, except, perhaps, Mrs. Gay, who promptly paid over the quarter to the clever little actor.

He ought to have become a great lawyer. Perhaps he did, and ended his days on the bench. —*Independent.*

She had accomplished her purpose. She was poor and proud, while Herbert was rich, and could make her a queen in society.

Jessie neither wept nor fainted, but became cold and rigid as marble.

When they could pass out without being observed, Ernest conducted her to the house, and then returned home, with a sorrowful heart. But he was "of the earth earthy," and could not shut out the great joy which mingled with his sorrow, for he cherished the shadow of a hope that Jessie might yet be his.

Herbert and Isabelle went away the next morning without any explanation, little thinking that Jessie knew all, and, a month later they were married.

To-day he is a care-worn, miserable man, and she is the reigning belle of the aristocratic circle in which they move.

She is too proud and cold to be a loving, affectionate wife; and he has learned, by bitter experience, that elegance and beauty alone cannot render home a Paradise. And a thought of all that he has lost by his own perfidy is to him an ever-present anguish.

After months of sorrow, and many a bitter heart-struggle, Jessie succeeded in crushing out her love for Herbert Livingstone.

She is now the happy and cherished wife of Ernest Linwood, the gifted pastor of an aristocratic church in the city of C——; and, when memory reverts to the past, she fully realizes that her present happiness is one of the results of Isabelle's Triumph.

A Minister's Courtesy.

Mr. Ely used to tell a little story of a brother clergyman, Rev. Mr. Gay of Suffield, which story was a good illustration of Yankee 'cuteness.' Several similar anecdotes have appeared in print, but this is a genuine "simon-pure," I believe.

Among Mr. Gay's parishioners was a well-to-do farmer, named, we will say, Brown, who was especially generous in his free-will tithes to the good minister. This farmer's errand and "chore" boy, getting big enough to take his place at the plough, a new boy was taken to service—a rough, untrained little fellow, I think from the poor-house. To him the promoted boy discoursed quite condescendingly: "You have got into a pretty nice place, I tell you; and if you behave they'll use you well, give you plenty of good victuals, a suit of Sunday clothes, winter clothes, winter schoolin', and not work you tew hard. But one thing—you will have to go on errands to the minister's pretty often, and lug big baskets of things; and the worst of it is that you'll never get nothing but thanks from the parson and his folks—not so much as a shillin' for your pains."

Johnny heard and pondered, and it happened that the very next morning he was sent to the minister's with a heavy quarter of veal, about as much as he could carry. The way was long and the weather was warm, and when he reached the parsonage he was not in the sweetest tempers. He marched into the breakfast room without knocking, or removing his hat, and setting down his basket, he said gruffly:

"Mr. Gay, Mr. Brown has sent you this here quarter of veal."

"Ah! Indeed," said the minister blandly. "I am obliged to him. Are you Mr. Brown's new boy?"

"Yes."

"Well my lad, when you have been in his family a while longer your manners will doubtless improve."

"Why, what's the matter with my manners?" asked the boy with a look of stupid astonishment.

"Why, my son, they are a little abrupt and discourteous. Now your way of presenting Mr. Brown's present was not just what it should have been. I think I can show you, so that you will know just how to do it next time. I will personate you, and you may pretend that you are me, for a few minutes."

Saying this, the minister took up the basket, went into the entry, and closed the door. Then he knocked gently.

The boy, having seated himself in the minister's chair, and put on a grave and reverend aspect, called out, "Come in."

The Coming Elections.

Next August bids fair to be a lively time. Congressmen will be elected, State Representatives and Senators, and probably Sheriffs, Registers of Deeds and Commissioners for the several Counties. Already, in anticipation of the event, candidates are making themselves known, either personally or through their friends, and it is not very strange that some offices within the gift of the people have several candidates. It is a well known fact that only one man can be elected to the same office, and consequently there must be some disappointed aspirants.

Now we have to say to republicans, a great work will devolve upon you during the summer campaign. Many men who have voted with the party, and some of its truest friends, have left the State. Many colored men have gone further South, hoping to procure more lucrative employment, and the republican vote in many Counties will consequently be diminished by the fact. To counter-balance this, there will be many more white republican votes cast in this State in August than ever before. Men who have before voted with the opposition are convinced that in continuing to do so they will deprive their children of the blessings of the common school system, which is just now an imperative necessity, and the workings of which the democrats in the Legislature retard in every possible manner. It is due to every man who looks to the future with a desire for progress, that the children of the masses may grow up intelligent, upright, useful citizens, that they work and vote with the party of progress and advancement.

Therefore we say to all, those who will be candidates and those who will be simply workers in the good cause, stand firm. Go shoulder to shoulder to the conflict, convincing those who waver, with arguments not with abuse, see to it that all those over whom you have an influence, fully understand the merits and demerits of the case, and they will work right, and they will work right, and vote right.

We need every vote, to show that our party is yet a power to be heard and respected, and by right management we will roll up a majority which will surprise our political opponents and be gratifying to every friend of true republicanism.—*Newbern Times.*

Universal Suffrage in the District.

The District Committee of the House and Senate held a joint meeting last Saturday, Senator Hamlin in the chair. Memorials were presented praying for universal suffrage. Mrs. E. C. Stanton addressed the committee. She said:

"To say that woman shall not vote is despotism." Miss Susan B. Anthony said they had come to demand the right of suffrage, and the word "male" be stricken from the Constitution. The interview continued for some time, but a majority of the members of the committee seemed to be opposed to the scheme of universal suffrage.—*Washington (D. C.) Era.*

Since the transfer of the telegraph lines to the government, the amount of domestic telegraphing has increased fully one-third.

Prince Arthur.

This distinguished Prince arrived on our shores at Halifax, Nova Scotia, on the 33d of August, 1869. The Prince was received by Sir John Young, Governor General, with General Doyle, commander of Her Majesty's forces in Canada. There were present two full companies of the seventy-eighth Highlanders. His Royal Highness was the guest of the Governor General. He partook of the hospitalities of the people of Halifax till the following Saturday. At St. Johns, N. B., the customary salutes and address of Welcome greeted the Prince. On the 15th the Prince started for Quebec, where he was received with the greatest enthusiasm. At Montreal he was received by General Wyndham, who drove him to Rosemont, received a good dinner, and next day left for London. At no place in his travels did the Prince receive such a ovation as at London. The houses were decked with flags. On the evening of the 28th of September the party left for Niagara Falls.

Prince Arthur left Montreal for the United States, and arrived at New York on Friday at 12.45 P. M. He was met at the depot by Mr. Thronton, the English Minister, Mr. French, private Secretary, and Mr. Archibald, British Consul at New York. As the Prince came out of the depot, he was the admired of all admirers, and fashionable dressed ladies eagerly pushed themselved forward to obtain a glimpse of Royalty. The Prince is quite a handsome youth—he was plainly dressed—carried a light walking cane, and wore a hat of the latest style. After being safely secured in a Carriage, he was drove to the Fifth Avenue Hotel, where a suite of handsome apartments was placed at his disposal. He attended the theatre in the evening— and on Saturday morning in a special car placed at his disposal, with his retinue. He is the guest of Minister Thornton, at whose residence an elegant suit of rooms has been fitted up. On Monday evening he was present at a dinner given for his reception, at which General Tate the Haytien Ambasador was present with his lady, and on Tuesday a dinner was given in his honor, both being given at the British Legation. On Wednesday the Prince dined with the President of the United States and attended Mrs. Grants reception.

The new Chinese restaurant in San Francisco is known as the "Chow Chow Hong." Baskets of flowers please the eye of the guests, the song of birds delights his ear, and his palate is tickled by viands selected from a red and gold bill of fare, and served in dishes of fine porcelain.

The Boston Board of Trade has recommended the repeal of all the State laws and regulations discriminating against non-resident business men or their agents; condemning these local restrictions as at variance with the spirit of our institutions and detrimental to the interests of the country.

Liquid ammonia, injected into the veins, has proved a successful cure in the most critical cases of snake bites. A small syringe, with a sharp point for the purpose of making the injection, is manufactured and sold in Melbourne, and few travel in Australia wothout one.

The New Mexican Legislature has framed a constitution to be submitted to popular vote on the first Monday in October.

THE STAR.

J.B. CARPENTER. R. W. LOGAN.

CARPENTER & LOGAN.

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

RUTHERFORDTON, N. C.

SATURDAY, MARCH 5, 1870.

A Wrong Move.

We are sorry to see from the proceedings of the Legislature, that there is a disposition to strip the Superintendent of Public Works of his powers and duties. This is a very wrong and unwise move, and if affected will work a very serious injury to the State, and to the prospects of our Internal Improvements.

The Superintendent of Public Works, is a constitutional officer, and the intention of the constitution in making this officer was as plain as could be, and was understood at the time by all sensible men, Gov. HOLDEN not excepted. This office was created with a view to having all of the public works of the State, Railroads, Canals, Public Buildings &c., &c., placed under the control of a Superintendent, whose sole duty should be to direct and look after the States interest in all the public works of the State.

We repeat that this was the intention of the constitution, and was so stated in the debates in the convention on the subject of creating said office. It was so understood by the republican canvassers, and they so stated to the people in their speeches during the campaign before the adoption of the constitution. It was argued from the stump in every quarter of the State, that the creation of this new office, would save the State and people many thousand dollars annually, because our public works would be under the control of *one* man, to wit: the Superintendent of Public Works, and that the whole of the time and ability of this officer, would be used in looking after and superintending the operations of our Railroads and other public works, that he would not be encumbered with any other duties, and therefore would be enabled to give his whole attention to the interest of the State and people in this most important branch of the State Government.

This was a wise provision in the constitution, and if it had been properly adhered to, we have no hesitation in saying that instead of *thousands*, it would have saved *millions* of dollars for the State.—We would not have had our Railroads placed in the hands of *swindlers* and *stock-board gamblers*, and our bonds would not have been a *disgrace* to our State, as under the present circumstances they are.

It is the common talk all over the State, that the people are being swindled out of their money by a certain body of men called the "*ring*," and it is also believed that Gov. HOLDEN is the "head leader" of this *ring*, now if this is the case, we cannot see what our Legislature expects to gain by taking the control of our Internal Improvements out of the hands of the Superintendent of Public Works, and giving it back to Gov. HOLDEN, we must confess, that we can see nothing savoring of good to result from such a move. If the Superintendent of Public Works is to be stripped of all his powers, then we say *abolish* the office, and relieve the people of paying a tax to support an officer to do nothing.

We repeat that we are sorry to see the Legislature making such a move, it is unwise and unfortunate, it will be a great draw back on our Internal Improvements, and in it the Republican party will receive the severest blow that has ever been given it in this State.

The bill has passed the Senate, but we hope before it reaches the House, the danger will be seen, and the move defeated.

To Delinquents.

A number of our subscribers, are still indebt to us for their subscription. Now we would remind them that we have long been laboring for them and the Republican party, freely giving our time and money for their benefit and for the benefit of the party, but it cannot nor ought not to be expected that we can loose our time, and bear our own expenses and publish the STAR gratis. Let Republicans remember this, and come to our relief, come up like liberal men, who are disposed to aid in supporting their party, and pay your subscription, and then use your influence to get new subscribers for the STAR, and thus enable us to live and serve the people and the party in a better and abler manner.

We hope every friend who is behind for the STAR will heed our call, and report soon.

The Star for the Campaign.

Every Republican in this Senatorial District, should be prepared for the coming campaign, and in order to be so, he should subscribe for the STAR at once. We propose to furnish the STAR to all new subscribers, for 75cts., from now until the election in August, Let every republican send up his name and the cash at once, and thus prepare himself, for a successful fight.

Public Documents.

Hon. O. H. DOCKERY, and our representative, A. H. JONES, will accept our thanks for valuable public documents.

The STAR is the best Republican paper in Western North Carolina, every Republican should Subscribe for it at once.

We want one thousand new subscribers to the STAR between this and the 4th July, send in your clubs.

Hon. THOS. SUTTLE has been appointed by the President on the board of Visitors to West Point, for 1870.

Send in your names and 75 cents, and we will send you the STAR until the election.

Shall we let them Go?

Everybody must be aware that our laboring people have been leaving the State by hundreds, and still they go. Shall we permit this without once telling them that they are acting against their best interests?

In the first place we will say that we know some men—democrats, but men of ability and usual good judgement—who are glad they are leaving because of some extra political power they expect to gain, for the poor man's party is necessarily the republican party, and every poor man who leaves the State makes one less vote for the party. Now this is certainly a high complement to the republicans, that as sure as a poor man leaves the State there is one less republican. But is that a reason why any man interested in the State should wish to see the laborers leaving it? Have we not land enough in this State, in this County even, which is never reached with the plow or spade, and still more, which is not even cleared; land which might be made productive and valuable by the very tail which these laborers who are so fast leaving us might perform? And still there are those who for some very selfish reason are willing and even glad to see them go.

This is wrong, and we would say to those who anticipate leaving, don't go. If you do, there is reason to believe that you will regret it. A part of your meagre wages will have been spent before you reach your destination, and charged to you to defray the expenses of your transportation.—You leave your homes, your friends, and the homes of your birth, where you are known, and where there are those of your own race at least, who are interested in you, and go, you hardly know where, and certainly are ignorant of what is before you. If you wish to return, you will not have the means to do so, and nobody to help you to it. Some few who have found out that all glittering promises are not golden realities, have walked, begged and worked their way home, and their advice to you will be, stop at home, go into the country, get a little tract of land, raise your own vegetables, keep a few hogs, chickens and the like, and by industry and economy, make yourselves a home. Some are doing it, follow their example, but don't leave for parts unknown, relying upon the empty promises of a stranger, when you can get good land and plenty of it here where you were born and raised, and where all your natural connections are.—*Newberne Times*.

Over 300 Fathers refused to sign the petition in favor of infallibility. Many others returned evasive answers. The opposition propose a counter petition, and assert, with certainty, that they have sufficient adherents to defeat the infallibility scheme.

All Hail!

Nebraska votes for the Fifteenth Amendment. The ratification is complete. The proclamation of the President officially announcing this gratifying intelligence should appear at an early date.—The record of ratification is:

Missouri—March 1, 1869, (corrected.) Kansas—February 27, (corrected.) North Carolina—March. 5. West Virginia—March 3. Massachusetts, March 9–12. Wisconsin—March 9. Maine—March 12. Louisiana—March 5. Michigan—March 8. South Carolina, March 16. Pennsylvania, March 26. Arkansas, March, 30. Connecticut, May 19. Florida, June 15. Illinois, March 5. Indiana, May 13–14. New York, March 17, April 14. New Hampshire, July 7. Nevada, March 1. Vermont, October 8. Alabama, November 16. Minnesota, January 14, 1870. Mississippi, January 15. Rhode Island, January 18. Ohio, January 14–20. Georgia, February 2. Texas, February 15. Nebraska February 18. Number of States required, 28. Number ratified, 30.

New York rescinded its ratification, and that of Indiana was deemed by some irregular. There is no irregularity now; no loop-hole out of which the Democracy can creep. For the first time in the history of our country the words "all men are created equal" have a meaning.

The exact text of the amendment is:

"SECTION 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

SEC. 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation."—*American Union*.

Well Done Illinois.

The State Convention, now in session in Illinois to frame a new constitution, has just adopted a provision to prevent the appropriation of money for sectarian purposes in the words following:

Sec. 40. Neither the General Assembly, nor any county, city, town, township, school district, or other municipal corporation, shall ever make any appropriation, or pay from any public fund whatever, anything in aid of any sectarian purpose, or to help support or sustain any school, academy, seminary, college, university, or other institution of learning controlled by any sectarian denomination whatever. Nor shall any grant or donation of land or personal property ever be made by any such public corporation for any sectarian purpose whatever.

This is thorough, radical and sound. It provides against sectarian appropriations of money by the State, county, city, town, or school district. We trust the provisions will be adopted by the people. It is well for Illinois to engraft such an article into its constitution now, before the Roman Catholics get such a political ascendency as they have in New York. It would be next to impossible to adopt a wise provision like it in this State to-day.—But we need it. Protestants must not ask nor receive appropriations of public money for any religious use whatever, and they must not consent to any such appropriation to Roman Catholics. All we ask of Government is to protect all alike in the enjoyment of their equal rights, and all our religion and religious work we will do without being aided by taxes laid upon others as well a sus.—*New York Observer*.

"Stay in the Land."

We clip the following extract from a letter received from a subscriber in Mississippi. Let those desirous of "bettering their condition" by removing read it carefully.

"As a North Carolinian, I regret to see so many of our citizens leaving the old State. I have been here in the West for a great many years; have seen and known of hundreds of families who have emigrated to all parts of the West, a large majority of whom would have been far better off if they had remained at their old homesteads.

Tell your people to abandon the idea of moving to the West, thinking to better their condition not one in ten will ever realize a bettered condition; the expenses, etc., attending a removal, and the encounters to be met with, if applied to the improvements of their homes, will, in a few years, make them better satisfied, their lands richer, and themselves in a condition to bring their noble old States back to its former status, which should be the pride of every true Carolinian."—*Charlotte Democrat*.

Miss Susan B. Anthony says she never heard of so many men in one place being simultaneously affected with sore throat as she found in Washington in selecting Congressmen to speak at her Suffrage Convention.

The Anecdotes of Macready.

In 1823 this actor was performing *Hamlet* at Birmingham.—Walking home one night, he saw a small cottage in flames, surrounded by a crowd of sympathizing but frightened people.—There came from the centre of the burning furnace one agonizing cry. Macready in a moment threw off his hat, coat and waistcoat, sprang through the parlor window, lithe and agile as a harlequin, reappeared with an infant in his arms, restored it to its half-crazed mother and darting through the crowd unknown, returned to his lodgings without his coat, which had been in a moment ruthlessly snapped up. In vain a self-elected committee offered a reward for the brave man. A few days after, however, a thief was apprehended while offering for sale a handsome coat, in the sleeve of which was written the name of the well-known actor. The papers blazed abroad Macready's modesty and intrepidity, and thunders of applause greeted him whenever he appeared on the stage His benefit seortly afterward was a buwper; and in an anonymous letter came a bank note for £10, as a small tribute to his humanity and courage. Macready instantly sought out the unfortunate couple who nad lost their all in the flames, and presented them with the acceptable sum, saying modestly that he had only been the mean instrument in the hand of God, and promising to assist the rescued child in afteryears.

And now for a drop of vitroil, very skillfully distilled by Mr. Dion Boucicault. When at Mobile, Macready's arrogance displeased one of the local actors for the time deposed from power. The fellow resolved to pay-ont the "star" one night when acting *Claudius* to Mr. Macready's *Hamlet*. When stabbed by the young Prince, *Claudius* reeled forward, and after a lingering death, stretched himself out in the central spot expressly set apart for Macready. The English actor much vexed, whispered quietly, "Die further up the stage, Sir" But no use—*Claudius* was deaf as an adder. *Hamlet* growled louder, "Die further up the stage, Sir" It was possible he might drag him there; so *Claudius* gravely sat up, like one of the revivalists in "Bombastes," and observed, "I believe I'm King here, and I'll die just where I please, Mister." The tragedy shortly after concluded.

Distructive Torpedo.

An English engineer has invented a formidable torpedo. It is in the shape of a large fish, floating at any depth under the surface of the water, the fore part filled with explosive matter, the after part provided with motive power by compressed air instead of steam. This monster is like a sword-fish, not only with a snout in front, but with snots projecting from the sides and rising up vertically. Charged with dynamite or nitroglycering, the torpedo can make a hole in the hull of the strongest iron-built vessel, and can be made to run under the water, either in a straight or curved line. Its construction is kept a profound secret.

Proposed Sale of Cuba.

An unofficial letter has been received at Washington from Madrid, giving information, claimed to be based on trustworthy sources that the Spanish officials are willing to enter into negotiations for the sale of Cuba to the United States for sixty million dollars in gold, free from all claims for indemnity of whatever character, but that the public sentiment in Spain is so strong against this that it would be unsafe for the regency to enter upon any such negotiations. In confirmation of this statement it is reported that similar information is in posression of a member of the Senate committee on foreign relations.—*Wil. Star*.

Gen. Terry has submitted to the Administration, for instructions in regard to the qualifications of members of the Legislature in Georgia. The first is whether he, as military commander, has authority to determine upon the qualifications of members, after they have taken the oath, when it is known they were not capable of taking it; and, second, whether, when a person having the certificate of election is denied admission under the fourteenth amendment, the person having the next highest number of votes should be admitted to the seat. Gen. Terry holds the affirmative of both propositions. The Attorney General has considered the question, and the President will instruct Gen. Terry to administer the law as he understands it.

A reason why a piano was not saved at a fire was because none of the firemen could play on it.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Washington, D. C. Feb. 24th, 1870.

The observance of the 22nd in Washington—The action of the House on Whittemore investigation in the sale of cadetships; Butler nominating himself as the Attorney for the accused, his defeat, and the triumph of Logan; Whittemore resigns and thereby saves himself the disgrace of being expelled—Financial, $50,000,000 additional Carreney to be issued in legal-tenders or national bank notes—Land Office.

The one hundred and thirty-seventh anniversary of the birth day of Washington was most appropriately observed here on Tuesday. The national flag was displayed from all the public buildings, and business of all kinds except the restaurant business was generally suspended in the afternoon. The most notable feature in the observance was a meeting of the "Oldest Inhabitants," which organization now numbers one hundred and twenty members, the oldest of whom, nearly one hundred, is Samuel Wells, who seems to take great comfort in narrating the incidents connected with carrying the chain for Washington on his surveying expeditions. He stated that he commenced when he was ten years old, and received for his services twenty-five cents per day, and dinner at a tavern.

The report which was submitted on Monday in the House by the Committee on military affairs, with reference to the sale of Cadetships, has produced tremendous excitement among the Southern Members. Mr. Whittemore a Member from South Carolina, was found guilty of selling a cadetship to West Point, and to the Naval Academy at Anappalis, Maryland, and it was recomended by the Committee that he be expelled from the House. Should this be done, of course those who have been guilty of the same offence will suffer the same penalty. It is said that all of those who are implicated are from the South, and are what are termed "carpet-baggers." The case of Whittemore, seem sthe least aggravated of any of them. It seems from the evidence of Brooks who effected the sale that Whittemore positively refused in the first instance to sell the position, but afterwards agreed that a donation might be made to be used exclusively for political and educational purposes. The money which was paid him evidently did not go into his own pocket. This is an ameliorating circumstance, but does not by any means justify the act,

It is very proper that these little matters be ventilated occasionally in Congress in order that there should be an appearance, at least, of virtue in our Halls of Legislation. If these investigations tended to purify the moral atmosphere of our political circles, they ought to be applauded. But there comes in the doubt They have only a tendency to check the timid for a while. The more bold feel that they can take advantage of the situation, and plunge into other schemes with impunity. What is the difference in moral turpetude between selling a cadetship, and breaking that commandment which says "thou shalnot lie"? Yet where has there ever been a committee to investigate the veracity of a Member or a Senator, or the Head of any Department? Did any one who has ever had dealings with any of those referred to above know of an instance where they were wilfully or otherwise deceived? While all admit that this bargain and sale of cadetships is a thing which has a very demoralizing tendency, still it is not improper to remark that investigation of small vices are sometimes instituted in order to divert attention and to give free license in larger ones.

Promptly at 2 p. m. yesterday as per resolution on Monday, permission was allowed Whittemore to show cause why judgement should not be pronounced upon him for being influence by pecuniary considerations in his appointments of cadets. The Hall and galleries of the House were filled to over flowing in anxious expectation of witnessing the final departure of one of the Honorables. You could hear from all parts of the gallery, "which one is Whittemore? Where does he sit?" Fingers from all parts were pointing to the accused, and so great was the confusion at one time the Speaker had no little difficulty in sustaining order.

Mr. Logan, chairman of the Military Committee having the case in charge, endeavored to make short whork of it, but to no avail. Butler nominated himself as Mr. Whittemore's attorney, which gave rise to a long debate on the question of his speech stated that all the witnessess before the Committee were newspaper men, whom he styled as black mailing lyers, and that if there were anything he, himself, was superior to, it was newspapers. He also suggested that on investigation, there might be found a majority guilty of offences similar to that one charged against Whittemore. But that style of arguement did not suit the House, and after failing by a vote of 39 to 155. to reopen the matter, Mr. Whittemore begged for mercy. He desired to be allowed time to reply to-day, which was immediately granted him. Accordingly long before 12 to-day, the floor and galleries of the House were again filled, anxiously awaited the arrival of Mr. Whittemore. The same as yesterday, he was tardy, and not a few surmised that this time he would not appear at all, but would see that his resignation was duly forwarded to the Speaker in time to save him the disgrace of being expelled. This was not the case, however, he was in the lobby talking with some of his friends, and before the reading of the Journal was concluded Mr. W. walked leisurly into the House with his manuscript speech in hand took his usual seat and looked around the galleries, seemingly as unconcerned as though he was simply a spectator in witnessing some grand panorama. Immediately after the completion of the usual order of business, and it was announced by the Speaker that Mr. Whittemores time had come make his defence, he arose—quiet then reigned—and with paper in his trembling hand, he commenced reading his speech. But a few Sentences were uttered, and the Speaker as is usual on the reception by him of important communication to the House, asked the attention of the House to the reading by the Clerk of the resignation of Mr. Whittemore. An effort was at once made to stay the reading until after Whittemore made his speech. But to no purpose, it was read, and thereupon the Speaker refuse further to recognize Mr. Whitemore as a Member of the House, and all was over, save the unanimous adoption of a resolution censuring the new ex-Honorable for the valuation of his oath of office in selling cadetships.

Had Mr. Whittemore been better versed in palimentary tactics, after the House had so graciously allowed him time to resign and get his Governors acceptance of the same, he might have delayed communicating to the Speaker his resignation until he had nearly if not quite have concluded his argument in his defence, and thereby would have had his speech as an M C. officially published in the Globe, where now his speech will be as one from a private citizen, and if published at all, will be by the sufferance of newspaper men, whom Butler takes pleasure in characterizing as black-mailing lyers.

The resolution which passed the House on Monday, directing the Banking Committee to report a bill to issue an additional fifty millions of dollars has been discussed in the Committee. The Committee is divided between legal-tenders and National bank notes. Boutwell is decidedly opposed to this increase, and consequently much opposition is expected from the new who swears by the Secretary's financil plans.

The General Lane Office is in receipt of advice from the Survayor General of Nebraska, showing the completion of twenty-six townships along the line of the Union Pacific Rail-road in the southern part of the State, embracing six hundred thousand acres. This tract is generally rolling prairie with adapt for grazing purpose. LIFE.

MARRIED.

On the evening of the 10th ult. by J. H. Duncan, Esq. Mr. HENRY JOHNSON, to Miss M. E. POTEET, all of McDowell County.

On the evening of the 10th ult. by J. H. Duncan, Esq., Mr. THOS. W. GARIN, Miss MARY J. WILLIAMS, all of McDow County.

On the 26th ultimo, at the residence of the brides father, by Rev. T. C. Pope, Mr. LEE WEAVER, to Miss LIZZIE CREEK. All of Buncombe.

On the 17th instant, by Rev. J. H. Yarboro', Mr. THOS. ELLIOTT, of Cleveland, to Miss SALLIE EGERTON, of Polk.

OBITUARY.

ABRAHAM ROBERTS was born May, 22d, 1817 and died at his home in Rutherfordton, of Hypertrophy of the lungs, Feb. the 13th, 1870, aged 52 years, 8 months and 21 days. Although he had been in bad health for some months, few were prepared to hear of his sudden death on the above named day. Not ten minutes before his death he was as cheerful and seemed as well, as he had been for some weeks before. How true, that "the day of the Lord comethas a thief in the night," and how necessary that we "be ready."

In 1859, the deceased connected himself with the Methodist Church but being "led away with the error of the wicked," this connection was severed and never renewed again. Though this was the case, we are not to suppose that he was wholly unconcerned about his future state. Two or three months before his death he spoke to his wife of re entering the church, and the inference is that his mind was exercised in regard to a preparation to meet his G. The testimony of his surviving wife is that no man could be kinder to his family; and not long before his death, he said he was willing to die, if it were not for those who would be left behind.

Prepare to meet thy God. V. A. S.

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"Men of Progress—American Inventors," the plate cost nearly $4,000 to engrave, and contains sixteen likenesses of Illustrious American Inventors. It is a superb work of art,

Single pictures, printed on heavy paper, will be sold at $10. But any one subscribing for the Scientific American (the paper will be sent for one year,) complete with a copy of the engraving, on receipt of $10. The picture is also offered as a premium for clubs of subscribers.

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LOCAL AND STATE.

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Gold is on the decline only worth 15¼ in New York.

The Legislature has passed a bill repealing the appropriation acts passed at the last Session.

OYSTERS.—Dr J. M. Craton will accept our thanks for a can of very nice oysters, they are good and we take pleasure in recommending our friends to call at Dr. Cratons, where besides fine oyeters, you will find a full stock of Dry goods, Hardware, Drugs Medicines &c.

SEEDS.—We are indebted to Messrs. WASHBURNE, & Co., 100, Tremont St., Boston, Mass., for a copy of their "Amateur Cultivator Guide" and also a lot of Flower Seeds. Persons wishing to replenish their flower-gardens, or those who need Agricultural seeds of almost any kind, can get them from this old established house.

Littlefield and Swepson have arrived in Raleigh. We understand Littlefield says he can make a clear show on his road, all we have to say is let him do it, and then we can believe it, not before.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—Our friend J. H. A. is informed that the STAR is sent regularly to him from our office, and our Postmaster, we believe does his duty, and we may also say for the contractor on the mail route from here to Columbus, that when the river is passable he always goes.

We are much obliged to you for your high opinion of the STAR, and shall endeavor to make it more worthy of that high opinion.

We will also watch and endeavor to have corrected irregularities of the mail and negligence of Postmasters.

The Weekly *Republican* published at Unionville, Missouri, by W. T. O'Briant, $2 per year. The republicans of Mo., have an advocate in the Republican, which they will sustain.

The Berrien County *Record*. (Republican) published at Buchanan Mich. by D. A. Wagoner, at $2 per year, a large paper well filled with choice selection and able editorials. Long may it wave."

The *Union*, (Republican) in politics, published at Macon Ga., by J. CLARKE SWAYZE, $2. per year.

A sound and reliable paper and one that the Republicans of Georgia should feel proud of.

The Circleville *Union*, (Republican,) published at Circleville Ohio by E. Z. Hay's. This journal has done much to sustain the cause of Republicanism in Ohio. Its editorials are written with care and good judgement.

The Vincennes *Times*, (Republican,) published at Vincennes Ind., by R. Y. Caddington. Terms $2. per annum.

We hail the appearance of the *Times* as one of our most valuable exchanges and have received much help from its editoral and selections.

The Republican *Standard*, (Republican) published at the City of Carrollton La., by J. S. Chapman. Semi-Weekly, at $2 per annum.

The Standard's editorials have the ring of the true metal, and we have no doubt, receives the support of the republicans of La.,

ITEMS BY SCISSORS.

Dogs are taxed five shillings, each in England and the list numbers 1,068,223.

Among the petitions lately discussed in the French Senate was one praying that the Government would not allow the subscription statue of Voltaire to be erected in Paris.

Hon. Severdy Johnson was upon the floor of the Senate on Tuesday afternoon, and had a hour's friendly chat with Mr. Johnson was for a time surrounded by Senators and most cordially treated.

It is stated that there are 50; 000 woman in New York city who are attempting to keep off starvation with the point of the needle, and whose wages do not average half a dollar a day, while many, by twelve or fourteen hours work, do not make more than twelve cents.

At the recent hanging of Pike at Hampton, New Hampshire, it was almost impossible to find carpenters who would build the gallows, so great was the natural repugnance to such work.

A medium writes to a Cincinnati paper a card defending herself against charges made against her, and adding: "I earn my living by cultivating insanity to usefulness. I call it metaphysics."

An English couple were married not long ago by the help of seventeen bride maids, four clergymen and three bands of music. But they were no more married than other people for all that, we suppose.

The London *Times* says that the Suez canal is already in use by merchantment, and gives eminent satisfaction to all. Vessels have been built expressly adapted to the navigation of the new route to the East.

The proprietors of hackney carriages in London are required to provide and affix to the top of the carriage a metal flag, on which shall be distinctly painted the fares licensed to be charged both for distance and time.

The incarcerated nun, Barbara Ubryk, is said to look extremely well and far younger than she really is. She has a small, merry face, with a *retrousse* nose and bright, lively eyes. She converses freely, though incoherently, and laughs a good deal.

Hon. Lot M. Morrill has been elected United States Senators from Maine by both branches of the Legislature of that State, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Senator Fessenden. Senator Morrill's term will expire March 3, 1871.

Quite a sensation was caused in Washington, January 20. by the receipt of a dispatch from Jackson, Mississippi, announcing the election of one Revell, said to be a full blooded negro, as United States senator for the term ending in 1871. Ames was elected for the term ending in 1874, and Alcorn for the term ending in 1875.

An enterprising freedman has had in operation, in Richmond, for two years a sassafras oil mill. He has a steam engine and proper machinery for grinding up the root, and is doing well. A farmer, owning a lot of worthless land below the city, realized twenty-five dollars per acre by gathering the root and selling to him.

There is a remarkable spring in Dallas county Mo., thirty miles from Buffalo, called "Sweet Spring." The *Reflex* says it is noted for its depth and for the countless myriads of fish that collect in from the river during the severe winter weather. When not rendered impure by freshets, fish can be distinctly seen in it to a depth of forty feet.

Music is to be introduced as a curative treatment for insanity, hypochondriasis, and other chronic diseases of the mind, in some of the great asylums of Paris. Several of the greatest physicians have stated that in their opinion, music, if well and skilfully applied, will cure or at least moderate or check, insanity, and kindred diseases.

The French government has removed Le Verrier, the eminent astronomer, from his office as Director of the Imperial Observatory, for "taking certain action in the Senate inconsistent with his duties as an officer of the government. What is behind this ambiguous accusation the *Journal Official* does not inform the public.

A young girl in Paris recently "operated" on a prominent member of the French bar, skilfully extracting his watch and chain, for which she was arrested, and on learning who her victim was, she shrewdly retained him to conduct her defence for the theft. It is held by learned legal gentlemen that the advocate cannot refuse the brief.

A very large oyster-shell containing a petrified oyster, has been discovered on a plantation in Clay County, Ga., at a depth of sixty feet below the surface, in a bed of oysters and other marine shells, fully eighteen inches thick. The shells were found while digging a well. The spot where they found were fully one hundred and fifty miles from the sea.

A couple of unique medals, connected by a gold chain were picked up by a farmer while building a fence at Lawrence, Kansas, the other day. One was stamped with the British coat of arms and a bust of George III., while the other has the inscription: "Second Presidency of George Washington. MDCCXCVII." Five hundred dollars has been offered for the medal.

An indignant husband in Skaneateles, N. Y. recently disinterred what he supposed to be the body of a woman of questionable character lying in a grave next to that in which his wife had been burried, and threw it and the coffin containing it into the street. A subsequent examination of the name-plate showed that he had dug up his own wife, instead of the "other woman."

The meteorites which now arrived upon the earth are not of the same mineralogical nature as those which fell in past ages. Formerly iron fell; now stones fall. During the last 118 years there have been in England but three falls of iron and there has fallen annually, on an average, three falls of stone. Perhaps it may even be said that stones of a new kind are beginning to arrive, for falls of carbonaceous meteorites were unknown before 1803, and four have been observed since then.

The most intense excitement prevails in Clark County, Illinois, in consequence of the discovery of gold on big Creek, about twenty miles from Clay City. A lately-returned Californian, miner of eighteen years, experiance, has been for some days prospecting in the ravines along the creek, and in every handful of earth he has found gold in paying quantities. The people of that section are wild with the gold mania, and are leaving all other business to search for the precious metal.

It is stated that the Peabody Trustees have appropriated $91, 000 to be expended by September next. Some time since we noticed the fact that North Carolina as yet had experienced none of the benefits intended to be conferred by the lamented philanthropist, notwithstanding our State has been included in the number. It is to be hoped that our portion of his charitable and munificent donation will not be much longer withheld.—The thousands of poor children growing up in ignorance plead strongly for prompt assistance.—*Southerner.*

Recent Decisions of the Supreme Court of North Carolina.

State v. Perry; Ashe. Settle, S. A planter is not indictable under Rev. Code, Ch. 34, sec. 41, requiring him to keep up a fence around his cleared ground under cultivation," for not keeping up a fence around "pasture fields."

The present system of fence laws in N. C. condemned.

State v. March; Johnson. Dick, J. Where a co-tenant authorized a person to take the common property into his possession, the subsequent detainer of it by that person from the other co-tenant, even with force, is not indictable,

The doctrine of forcible detainer does not apply to personal property.

Horton v. Green; Caldwell. Pearson, C. J. A physician, who has no particular knowledge of the diseases of stock, is nevertheless sufficiently an expert to be allowed to the jury his opinion as to whether a certain disease which he hat observed in a mule, was recent or of long standing.

Bagland v. Currier; Granville. Rodman. J. No part of the Code of Civil Procedure went into effect until the ratification of its concluding titles, on the 24th of August, 1868, when a plaintiff filed a bill in equity, alleging that he had signed and sealed a deed, but had not delivered it, and the defendant had fraudulently obtained possession thereof, and by colo of it had committed a tre-pass, *Held*, That as the writting was not the deed of the plaintiff, his remedy was by an action of detinue for the pretended deed, or by an action of trespass *quare clausum iregit*; and not by a bill in equity.

The editors of Pennsylvania, at their convention in Harrisburg week before last, received Mr. Hughes, the colored editor of the *Progress of Liberty*, into full membership. A number of leading Democratic journalists took part in the convention and made no objection.—*Exchange.*

What a change! In that convention were several of our personal acquaintences of the "democratic persuasion" who, a year ago, would have scouted the idea of any such fellowship with "the negro." But, seeing the hand writing on the wall clearly indicating that in a very short time he will be armed with the ballot in Pennsylvania, they deem it policy to begin to recognize him as "a man and a brother." How rapidly things are moving.—*North Carolinian.*

The question of excluding the Bible from the Public Schools of the Cincinnati was decided last week in the Superior Court of Cincinnati. A majority of the Court—Judges Storer and Hagans, held that Board had no powe. to exclude the Bible, and made the injunction perpetual. Judge Taft gave a dissenting opinion. The case will probably to taken to the Supreme Court of the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"ALL NATURE HOPES FOR SPRING,"
1870.
Wittkowsky & Rintles.

THE RESULT OF AN ESTABLISHED and successful business, altogether with a steadily increasing CAPITAL, gives us every season, better facilities to offer greater inducements to our numerous customers, both WHOLESALE and RETALE, and hence this notice is worthy the

Attention

Of all. We are now making extensive purchases, which, owing to the very large increase in our business—during 1869, the tax returns will show **$7,000.00** more of any house in the City and figures are stubborn facts) enables us to buy with impunity as to quantity, and from first hands—namely, Manufacturers, Importers and Commission Houses, thereby, saving from **10 to 25 per cent.** over smaller buyers—and it is this advantage that gives us the lead in this market.

Our Stock

Will be completed, or nearly so, by the **10th of March**, and will embrace all classes of Goods necessary, either for WHOLESALE or RETAIL, to the inspection of which we invite not only those coming to this Market to purchase, also those on their way to other places for that purpose.

We offer no **bait s**, business will be conducted, in the future, as in the past, viz:

Honorable Competition
against Imposition

Dry Goods Department

Will be complete, and selected with the greatest of care, as to style, quality and price.

Clothing Department.

We make a specialty and invite the most fastidious to call and examine,

Boots and Shoes.

Will be bought mostly from manufacturers, in Boston and elsewhere, and we claim to be able to complete with all.

Hats.

Will be purchased at the BROOKLYN AUCTIONS and of NEWARK MANUFACTURERS.

Hardware.

Especially Table and Pocket Cutlery, we buy for Cash from the importers

Groceries--there comes the rub.

That line of Goods we buy quantities second to no House in this City, (fact assertion to the contrary, notwithstanding) and at as low figures as a dollar, consisting of **100** cents, can buy. In short, come and look at our stock, ascertain our prices, and judge for yourselves.

Millinery Department.

Is complete as usual, and is presided over by Miss HESSY WILLIAMS, who is widely known for her superior taste in that line.

Respectfully,
Wittkowsky & Rintles.
Charlotte, N. C.
No. 6 tf.
Vindicator please copy.

H. CABANISS.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
SHELBY, N. C.

Will practice in the Courts of Rutherford, Cleveland and Gaston.

NOTICE.

I will attend at my office from the 7th to 12th of this month to list the taxable property, and also all special taxes for the Town Rutherfordton. Persons failing to list are liable by the ordinances of the Town to pay a double tax. See Ordinance in another column. March 1st 1870.

J. B. CARPENTER, Mayor.

6-2t

Vindicator copy 1 time.

AGENTS SHOULD ADDRESS **C. F. VENT**

3 Barclay St., N.Y., or 38 W. 4th St., Cincinnati, O. If they want the most popular and best selling subscription books published, and the *most liberal terms*. Send for circulars. They will cost you nothing, and may be of great benefit to you.

WANTED AGENTS FOR THE KING OF HORSE BOOKS,

The American **Farmer's Horse Book**, it outsells ten to one, any book of its kind ever published. 40th thousand in press. Agents do up better now than ever before. Also, for

OUR FAMILY PHYSICIAN.

In both ENGLISH and GERMAN. Embracing the ALOPATHIC, HOMEOPATHIC, HYDROPATHIC, ECLECTIC, and HERBAL modes of treatment. 544 closely printed pages. Price only $2.50. *The most complete, reliable and popular family medical book in existence.* Address C. F. VENT, Publisher, 2 Barclay St., New York.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BEST SIX-CORD.

For sale by all dealers in
DRY GOODS & NOTIONS.

ESTABLISHED 1830.
Welch & Griffiths,
SAWS! AXES!! SAWS!!!

Saws of all descriptions. Axes, Belting and Mill Furnishings. Circular Saws with Solid Teeth, or with Patent Adjustable Points, Superior to all Inserted Teeth Saws.

Price Reduced.

Send for Price List and Circulars.
WELCH & GRIFFITHS,
Boston, Mass., or Detroit, Mich.

Norway Oats have fully demonstrated their adaptation to the soil and climate of the South. Yield 100 to 150 bushels to the acre. No lodging or rusting. Are heartily endorsed by prominent planters in every Southern State. Those wishing to participate in the profits of the sale of this seed next year should order at once, enough for a few acres. Every one will want it next year. J. L. Divine, Chattanooga, Tenn., raised 753 bushels on 5 acres last year. The increase value of the straw will pay cost of seed twice over. A few planters have already bought, and there is a chance for a few more.

CAUTION.—Commercial seed is being extensively offered in the South, and we caution the public against imposition. See that our trade-mark is produced before you buy.—Price per bushel, $3.50; half bushel, $4; peck, $2.50. Send money with order, to HOUGH & CHURCH, Knoxville, Tenn., or to D. W. RAMSDELL & CO., Proprietors, 218 Pearl St., N. Y., or 171 Lake St., Chicago. Circulars free.

100,000 AGENTS WANTED FOR
PRIEST AND NUN.
Apply at once to
CRITTENDEN & McKINNEY,
1308 Chestnut treet, Philadelphia, Pa.

The New York Methodist Publishes Sermons, a Serial Story for the Family, a new Children's Story every week. Chats with the Little Folks, Editorials by the best Methodist writers and others, Foreign and Domestic Correspondence, full Departments of Religious and Secular Intelligence—in short, whatever goes to make a complete Family Paper. Price $2.50 a year. Liberal premiums to canvassers. Yearly subscriptions commence at any time. For specimen, enclose a two cent stamp to THE METHODIST, 114 Nassau St., New York.

LORILLARD'S "EL CAÑERA" *Smoking Tobacco.* | is an excellent article of granulated Virginia;—wherever introduced it is universally admired. It is put up in handsome muslin bags, in which orders for Meerschaum Pipes are daily packed.

LORILLARD'S Yatch Club *Smoking Tobacco.* | is made of the choicest leaf grown; it is anti nervous in its effects, as the Nicotine has been extracted, it leaves no disagreeable taste after smoking; it is very mild, light in color and weight, hence one pound will last as long as 3 of ordinary tobacco. In this brand we also pack orders every day for first quality Meerschaum Pipes. Try it and convince yourselves it is all it claims to be, "THE FINEST OF ALL."

LORILLARD'S CENTENNIAL *Chewing Tobacco.* | This brand of Fine Cut chewing tobacco has no equal or superior anywhere. It is without doubt the best chewing tobacco in the country.

LORILLARD'S SNUFFS | have now been in general use in the United States over 110 years, and still acknowledged "the best" wherever used.

If your storekeeper does not have these articles for sale, ask him to get them; they are sold by respectable jobbers almost everywhere.

Circular of prices mailed on application.

P. LORILLARD & CO., New York.

WITHOUT Spectacles. Doctor or Medicine. Sent post paid, on receipt of 10 cents. Address Dr. F. B. FOOTE, Author of Medical Common Sense, No. 120 Lexington Ave., cor. Pass 28th St., N. Y.

60 Cents buys the only Reliable Adding Machine. Address H. RICHARDS, Box 3986, New York.

AWAY WITH Uncomfortable Trusses.—Comfort and Cure for the Ruptured, Sent post paid on receipt of 10 cent. address Dr. F. B. FOOTE, No 120 Lexington ave., New York.

10,000 AGENTS WANTED FOR
RETROSPECTION.
The finest Engraving in the market. Apply at once to CRITTENDEN & McKINNEY, 1308 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Purest, Best and Cheapest LAUNDRY SOAP,
COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK.
Established in 1806.
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

10,000 AGENTS WANTED FOR
WALKS AND HOMES OF JESUS.
By Rev. D. MacDh, D., auther of "High Scene of the Bible." Apply at once to CRITTENDEN & McKINNEY, 1308 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Agents! Read This!
We will pay Agents a Salary of $30 per week and expenses, or allow a large commission, to sell our new wonderful inventions. Address M. WAGNER & CO., Marshall, Mich.

Pocket Revolvers.
West's Six Shooter. A neat, durable weapon, four inch barrel. Price $1.50 postpaid. Address S. G. AUSTIN, Elsie, Mich.

Employment.—$200 a month with Stencil Dies. Samples free. S. M. SPENCER & CO., Brattleboro, Vt.

The Marriage Ring.
Essays for young men, free, in sealed envelopes. HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Penn.

Curious, *How Strange.*
The Married Ladies Private Companion contains the desired information. Sent free for stamp. Address MRS. C. HENRY, Hanover, Pa.

WANTED!
Agents in every town in the South and West for the
LARGEST
One Dollar House
in the country, to whom we offer the most liberal inducements.

Goods Sent C. O. D.
SEND FOR CIRCULARS.
S. C. Thompson & Co.,
136 Federa St., Boston, Mass. 158 State St., Chicago, Ill.

This is no Humbug.
By sending 35 cts., with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive, by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O. Drawer No. 24, Fultonville, N. Y.

DR. WHITTIER, 9 Wylie St., Pittsburgh Pa., of Union-wide reputation, treats all vernal diseases; also, seminal weakness impotency, &c., the result of self-abuse. Send 2 stamps for sealed pamphlet, 50 pages. No matter who failed, state case. Consultation free.

Psychomancy, Fascination OR SOUL-CHARMING.—400 pages; cloth. This wonderful book has full instructions to enable the reader to fascinate either sex, or any animal, at will. Mesmerism, spiritualism, and hundreds of other curious experiments. It can be obtained by sending address, with postage, to T. W. EVANS & CO., No 41 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia.

BIG MONEY made easy with our PATENT ARTICLES, KEY TAG and STENCIL TOOLS. Circulars free. F. W. DORMAN & CO. 97 W. Lombard St. Baltimore. 5-3m.

PATENTS obtained for inventors by Dr. D BREED, Chemist, and late Examiner in the Patent office, who has devoted 18 years to patent business, and will promptly prepare papers, drawings, &c. Terms, $20 to $30. Write for circulars.

Direct to 818 F street, op. Pat. Office, *Washington, D. C.*
Refer to Senators Pomeroy and Sumner.
No. 5. 3-m

HARDWARE STORE OF BREM, BROWN & CO.
Charlotte, N. C.

WE have now in Store for the Wholesale and Retail Trade,
500 pr. Trace Chains,
200 doz. Pocket Knife,
400 " Table Spoons,
75 " Co t'n Cards,
75 " Pad Locks, (of different kinds.)
2500 lbs. Plow Iron, Plow Steel Swede Iron, &c.
100 Gro. Buckles,
5000 lbs. Cast, Blister, German & Spring Steel.
1000 Gro. Screws, from ½ up.
150 doz. Butt Hinges, (all kinds)
75 " Spades, Shovels, Forks, &c.
600 Yds. Enameled cloth, including MUSLIN, DRILL, BROWN PATENT DRILL, DUCK MOLESKIN, &C., &C.

ENAMELLED LEATHER, PATENT LEATHER, HUCKRAM, CARRIAGE LININGS, LACES, TAPES FRINGES LINING NAILS GIMP TACKS, &C., &C.

AXES WARRANTED.

HOES MTATOCKS, GRASS, GRAIN and Briar Scythes.

BLACKSMITH TOOLS, including Bellows Anvils, Vices, Screw Plates, Hammers, &c., together with a large assortment of
Carpenters' Tools, Gunsmiths' Material, Cabinet and Builders, Tanners' Tools, &c. Hardware,
BREM, BROWN & CO.
Charlotte, N. C.

J. HENDERSON WEDDINGTON, having lately been admitted as a copartner in the above firm, would be pleased to see his old friends and customers. No. 5 3-t

NEW GOODS.
THE VERY LATEST STYLES,
AND AT GREATLY REDUCED
PRICES.
H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

TAKES this method of informing their numerous friends that they have on hand, and is daily receiving, the largest, and best assorted stock of
Fall and Winter
Goods, ever before presented to the people of Rutherford, all of which he offers to sell at greatly reduced prices, for GREENBACKS, or country produce, of ANY KIND, at the highest market price.

Just received, a new lot of Ladie's and Gen't Shoes, of all grades. Also a large lot of Copper Tipped Shoes for children, at living prices, call and see for yourselves.
H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!
IF you want to get good bargains, by buying the best quality of goods, for the lowest prices, before you make your purchases, be sure to call on H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

FAMILY GROCERIES
OF all kinds including the best qualities of Sugars, and Coffees for sale cheap by
H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS.
A GOOD assortment of Notions and Fancy Goods. Toys and pretty things, to please the children. For sale by
H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.
IF you want anything in the line of Gents Furnishing Goods, you will always find on hand, at the lowest prices, and in the latest fashions, a good supply of Ready-Made Clothing, over coats, cashimeres, clothes, &c., by calling at H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

DRY GOODS.
A SPLENDID assortment of Calicoes, Worsteds, DeLanes', and Ladies dress goods and trimmings, to suit both style and price, can be found, at
H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

TOBACCO AND SNUFF.
THE best qualities of chewing tobacco, smoking tobacco, cigars Snuff, &c. Always on hand and for sale by
H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

HARDWARE & CUTLERY.
A GOOD supply of Hardware and Cutlery, consisting of Carpenters tools, of all descriptions, knives and forks, scissors, &c. For sale cheap by H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

SALT! SALT!! SALT!!!
A LARGE supp'y of best Liverpool Salt, for sale very low at
H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

CONFECTIONERIES.
CANDIES, nuts, jellies, pickles, crackers &c. For sale by
H. C. DAVIS & BRO.

Notice.—On Monday of March Superior Court, it being the 28th day of March, 1870. I will sell to the highest bidder, at the Court House in Rutherfordton, that Valuable Property known as the Idler Mine, situate on 2nd Broad River, about nine miles North from Rutherfordton, in Rutherford county, N. C. This property consists of about One Thousand Acres of Land, on which there is supposed to be a rich Gold Mine. There is also a Mill, good Timber, and Farming Land included in the tract.

Sale by order of the Superior Court on the petition of Matilda Hayden and others.

Terms, six months credit, the purchaser to give bond bearing interest from date, with security. Title withheld till sale is confirmed by the Court and payment made.

J. B CARPENTER, C. C. S. C.
Feb. 8th, 1870. 5tl.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS—The Grafton Mineral Paint Co., are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest and most Durable Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriage and Car makers, Pails and Wooden Ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being Fire and Water proof,) Floor Oil Cloths, (one Manufacturer having used 5,000 bbls, the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity and adhesiveness. Price $6 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark, Grafton Mineral Paint. Persons can order the Paint and remit the money on receipt of goods. Address, BIDWELL & CO., 264 Pearl st. N. Y.
45-6m

Monitor Plow.
Warranted in every respect.
By changing the large Mod, you have a Furrow Plow. What every planter needs. The very thing for laying off Corn, and Cotton Rows. By removing one Wing, you have a Coulter, which no Farmer can do without.—Price of Plow to make all three implements, $6.00.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue, Free to all.
2-tf. PALMER & TURPIN.
Richmond, Va.

Revenue Notice.—This is to give notice that on the 13th day of January, one barrel of Whisky was seized by J. B. Eaves, Asst. Assessor 1st. Rev. 4th Division, 7th Dist. of N. C. Said to be the property of one H. M. Miller. The owner will come forward within thirty days and show cause if any he can, why said barrel of whisky shall not be forfeited to the Government.
PINKNEY ROLLINS,
Col. 1st. Rev. 7th Dist. N. C.
Feb. 2nd 1870. 3-3t.

EXECUTORS SALE.
THE undersigned having qualified as Executor on the estate of Felix Logan deceased will sell at the late residence of the deceased on Wednesday the 23d day of March, 1870, the following property to wit: Four head of Horses, 2 mules; 1 yoke of Oxen; 2 Milch Cows, and other Cattle, 10 head of Sheep, a lot of Hogs 500 bushels of corn more or less, 1000 pounds Bacon more or less, a quantity of Lard, 40 bushels of Rye more or less, a lot of Oats, Fodder Apples, Potatoes, Peas, Cotton, Dry Hides, 2 Waggons, 2 Buggies, 2 Watches, a lot of Farming Tools Blacksmith Tools, Carpenter's Tools, 2 sets Mill Irons, and a lot of other Iron, 1 Cutting Machine, 1 Corn Sheller, 1 Shot Gun, &c &c, together with a lot of Household and Kitchen furniture.

Terms made known on day of sale.

All persons indebted to the estate, are requested to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the estate, must present them within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pled in bar of their recovery.

WM. H. LOGAN, Executor.
No. 5. 4-d

A Marriage in Joke Turning Out Happily.

Thirty years ago, when Charleston, Illinois, was in an embryo State, Dick Stoddard was caught napping for the first time. Dick was at a party, a country dance, and had been playing his tricks on the boys and girls, when it was proposed to enliven the company with a matrimonal scene. All things being ready, save the bride and groom; two very essential parts of the ceremony, they were soon procured in the persons of the aforesaid Dick and the beautiful and accomplished Miss ——, the belle of the whole country, who like Dick was full of fun and a romantic disposition. The license was procured; so was the justice. The ceremony was performed and the bride and groom pronounced husband and wife. This, of course, was considered the joke of the season. Dick and his bride enjoyed it; so did the spectators. The justice, however, had performed the ceremony; had the license, and knew the penalty for a failure to return it as the law directs, and being sworn to discharge the duties incumbent upon him as a Justice of the Peace, was legally and morrally bound to return the license to the County Clerk, which he did, and where it is to this day, with his certificate properly indorsed thereon to the effect that he had "duly joined in the bonds of holy wedlock" the parties aforesaid. Dick and his wife soon learned that what they had conceived to be a joke was a sad or joyful reality. So the matter was talked over, and they concluded to make the best of it. They have been living together every since, blessed with a bountiful supply of this world's goods, a large family and hosts of friends, and as Dick says, they have been enjoying the joke ever since.—*Missouri Republican.*

Disastrous Freshet in Main—An Avalanche of Ice.

AUGUSTA, Me., Feb. 20.

The freshet is the most destructive ever known on the Kennebec river. This morning the ice gave way here, and passed to Hollowell, where it stopped and formed an immense ice dam.

The water rose rapidly here to twenty-five feet above low water mark. The ice soon gave way above the dam, and came down with a tremendous force, carrying away the bridge of the Portland and Kennebec railroad, 500 feet long, at this place.

At Vasalboro the railroad bridges over Seven Miles brook and another small stream were crushed by ice. In this city the damage cannot be estimated. The water rose so rapidly that goods in the beasements on the east side of Water street could not be removed.

The damage by the freshet here is immense. Many stores are undermined, basements filled with water and stock destroyed. At Hallowell nearly the whole business portion of Water street is overflowed In many stores the water is six feet deep on the street floor. Many merchants moved their goods away in boats but the larger portion was destroyed.

Some one or two hundred dwellings in the lower part of the city were floated from their foundations and overturned, and many families are rendered houseless. Several new ice-houses which have lately been erected and partly filled were carried away. All the ice in the river for more than fifty miles above is here packed in a solid mass, forming an immense ice dam.

Should the ice give way at Hallowell it would sweep all before it and cause fearful description of property. The damage already done to the Portland and Kennebec railroad is estimated at $15,000.

Nothing lightens labor like cheerfulness, and nothing makes the wheels of time drag so heavily as a sullen or angry spirit. There is no grace that can equal it in a woman, and with all our daughters' compliments, let us strive to make this one of the chief. It is almost as contagious as bad temper, but not quite.

The Fifteenth Amendment.

The following is a synopsis of the bill prepared by Judge Bingham, to enforce the provisions of the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States. It is intended especially to meet the case of such States as Deleware, Maryland and Kentucky, wherein it is feared the fifteenth amendment will be disregarded.

The first section provides that from and after the passage of the act all colored citizens of the United States, resident in the several States of the Uninted Stated, shall be entitled to vote at all elections in the State of their residence, subject only to the same conditions which now are or may hereafter be inquired to qualify white citizens to xote therein.

Secton two enacts a penaly of five hundred dollars fine one months imprisonment, against every assessor or other officer of a State, who neglects to assess the persons or property of any coloed citizens of the United States prior to an election.

The third section prescribes a similar penalty, to be enforced against any of the members of any levy court who shall commit a similar effence.

Section four provides that any clerk or other officer required by the law of a State to register, record, or transcribe any list of persons against whom taxes have been asssessed, who shall willfully refuse or neglect to register the name of any colored citizen who has been lawfnlly assessed to pay any tax, shall pay a fine of $500, and be imgrisoned not less than one month.

The remainging sections provide penalties to be enforced against other State, county and ward officers who refuse to recieve the courts of the United States are given jurisdiction in all clases arising under the act.

The Most Remarkable Fathe. and Son.

The following is from the Carlisle (Ky.) *Mercury:*

A most remarkable consanguineous affection and sympathy is that of a fater and son, living in the adjoining county of Fleming. The father is about forty-five years of age, and the son not yet twenty. When one has any complaint the other is similarly affected. If the father has the headache, the son has it at the same time; if one suffers with the toothache, the other also suffers with it: when one gets a cold, the other gets it also, and so it goes on through all the catalogue of ordinary complaints. But yet more remarkable still is the the simlarity of their appetites, temperaments and general actions. What one likes and eats, the other likes and eats; and what one dislikes and won't eat, the other dislikes and won't eat. If one becomes angry, or gloomy, or happy, to the same degree and at the same time is the other angry, or happy. They sneeze at the same time, sleep at the same time, and the same number of hours, and, the most remarkable of all, they dream at the same time, and the dream of one is the same as that of the other. We might go on and enumerate many other instances of the relatnionship existing between this father and son, though the above are sufficient as showing how strange and remakable that relationship is.

A resident of Iowa has invented a double-shotted projectile by which a shot can be thrown from a cannon to the distance of ten miles.

The Mormons are collecting petitions signed by the Mormon women in opposition to Cullom's anti-polygamy bill, and are sending them to Washington.

Victor Hugo is now the only exile of importance remaining voluntary outside of France, except the Orleans family; and it is doubtful if they wish to return.

Be careful of your health, girls. Don't mind being called "old fogy," because you wrap yourselves up well and venture out in thick shoes. Better be an old fogy than a corpse.

GOOD BOOKS FOR ALL.

"Books which are Books."

Here is a list of such Works as should be found in every Library—within the reach of every reader—Works to entertain, instruct and improve the mind. Copies will be sent by return post, on receipt of price.

New Physiognomy; or, Signs of Character, as manifested through Temperament and External Forms, and especially in the "Human Face Divine." With more than One Thousand Illustrations. By S. R Wells. Price, in one 12mo volume, 768 pp., handsomely bound, $5.

Man, in Genesis and in Geology; or, the Biblical Account of Man's Creation, tested by Scientific Theories of his Origin and Antiquity. By Joseph P. Thompson, D. D., LL.D. One vol., 12mo. $1.

Wedlock; or, the Right Relations of the Sexes Disclosing the Laws of Conjugal selection, and showing who may and who may not Marry. For both sexes. By S. R. Wells, $1.50

How to Read Character. A New Illustrated Handbook of Phrenology and Physiognomy, for Students and Examiners, with a Chart for recording the sizes of the different Organs of the Brain, in the delineation of Character, with upwards of 170 Engravings. Muslin, $1.25.

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june3:19-tf

Town Ordinances.

The Commissioners of the Town of Rutherfordton do ordain:

1. That all persons living within the incorporate limits of said town, liable by Law to work on the public roads, Be and they are hereby required to work on the streets and roads in said Town six days in each year, or forfeit and pay to the Mayor 75 cents for each day that they may fail so to work, to be sued for and recovered as other taxes and fines are: Provided, that in the discretion of the Mayor, such work may be rendered by substitute.
2. That any person or persons who shall engage in any fight, riots, or unlawful assemblys, or who shall be guilty of unbecoming conduct or make use of unbecoming language or shall curse, or swear, or loud talk to the annoyance of the citizens of said Town, shall be fined at the discretion of the Mayor not to exceed twenty five dollars.
3. That if any person shall discharge any firearms, except in cases of actual necessity, or by permission of the Mayor within the following boundries, viz: commencing at the Blacksmith shop on the Hickory nut road, then a straight line to the west side of A. H. Roberts' lot, then a straight line to the Twitty's ford road, 100 yards west of Mrs. Corbett's, then a straight line to the Bridge south of J. M. Justices' residence, then with said branch 50 yards east, then a straight line to the ford of Glaghorus Creek, near the Mineral Spring, then with said creek to a point opposite the Male Academy, then to the beginning, shall pay a fine of $1, for each offence.
4. That any person or persons, who shall engage in driving, racing or running horses through the streets, at such speed as to endanger life or property, shall be at the discretion of the Mayor not to exceed five dollars.
5. That if any person or persons shall allow his or their horses, mules or other dangerous animals to run at large through the streets, (drovers excepted) shall be fineu one dollar for each such offence.
6. That any person or persons who shall obstruct any public street or sidewalk by placing thereon, any wood, timber or other thing, and allowing the same to remain more than twenty-four hours shall pay a fine of one dollar for each day such obstruction shall remain.
7. That any grocer, bar keeper, or other person engaged in the sale of spirituous liquors, shall sell or give away, any spirituous or malt liquors on the Sabbath day shall pay a fine of one dollar for each such offence.
8. That any person who shall ride or hitch any horse, or other animal upon any sidewalk in said Town or any shade tree on the public square, shall pay for each offence one dollar.
9. That all persons residing within the limits of said town be and they are hereby required to return to the Mayor, on or before the 1st day of April, a full and complete list of all subjects of taxation under the ordinances, and upon failure to list the same shall be liable to pay a double tax.
10. That in default of the payment of any fine due for the violation of any of the Town Ordinances, the person or persons so defaulting may be imprisoned not more than thirty days, at the discretion of of the Mayor. Provided, that they may be released at any time upon payment of the fine and costs.
11. That any person or persons, who shall retail spirituous Liquors within said incorporation, except those who obtain a regular license shall pay a fine of twenty five dollars for each offence, one half recovered to go to the informer.
12. That these ordinances shall go into effect, ten days from day of publication.
14. That all persons having claims due them from the Town of Rutherfordton, be and they are hereby required, to present the same duly authenticated, before the Commissioners of said Town to be audited and passed upon, before such claim shall be paid.
14. That the regular meeting of the Commissioners of the Town of Rutherfordton, shall be on the first Thursday in each month.
15. That for the purpose of raising sufficient revenue to defray the necessary expenses and for making repairs in said Town, the the following tax be levied, and collected on the subjects of taxation mentioned below, viz:

Real and Personal Property (subject to exemption of two hundred dollars of household and kitchen furniture)—25 cents on the $100.

Lawyers,	$5.00
Physicians,	5.00
Circus and Menagerie,	25.00
Side Shows,	10.00
Slight of hand Performers,	10.00
Magic Lantern, Lecturers, or other exhibitions for pay,	5.00
Itinerant Auctioneers,	5.00
Silversmiths and Jewelers,	2.50
Itenerant, " "	5.00
Dentists,	5.00
Retailers of Spiritous Liquors	75.00
Dry Good Stores,	6.00
Daguerican or Photographic Artist,	5.00
Tailor Shops,	2.00
Blacksmith Shops,	2.00
Wagon and Carriage Shops,	3.00
Cabinet Shops,	3.00
Printing Offices,	5.00
Insurance Agents, Life or Fire,	5.00
Tan Yards,	3.00
Hotels,	5.00
Private Boarding Houses,	3.00
Boot and Shoe Shops,	2.00
Harness and Saddle Shops,	2.00
Tin Shops,	2.50
Every Dog, over 6 months old,	25
Every Hog over 3 months old,	10
Every Itenerent retail dealer in Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, Guns, Tobacco, or Tin Ware, not the growth or manufacture of Rutherford County,	3.00
Clerk of Superior Court,	3.00
Register of Deeds,	2.00
County Treasurer,	2.00

16. All persons liable for Special Tax, shall only be required to pay a proportion equal to the whole amount for the year, from the time of the commencement thereof.
17. That these ordinances are published and declared this 15 day of February 1870.

J. B. CARPENTER, Mayor.

The Bee-Keepers' Journal

and National Agriculturist for January, contains many interesting and valuable articles illustrated with appropriate engravings, in its five departments of "Bee-Keeping," "Agriculture," "Home and Fireside," "Ladies' and Youth's Department." The articles "The New Honey Extractor," "The New York Poultry show," "The Australian Bee-Hunter," each illustrated by a beautiful engraving, and the method of fertilizing Italian Queen in confinement by any drone desired, are especially interesting. On the front page is a fine portrait of Mrs. Ellen S. Tupper, America's most distinguished lady writer on bee-culture, and one of the editors of this Journal. The February number will contain the portrait of Francis Huber, the celebrated pioneer bee-keeper of Europe, to be followed by the portraits of Dzierzon, Berlepsch, and all the leading apiarians of Europe and America. This is a new feature following other improvements made since the removal and consolidation, and yet the publishers furnish the Journal at $1,00 a year. One sample copy sent Free. Address

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